Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher

VOLUME 2. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1868. NUMBER 18.

The Cambria Freeman

WILL BE PUBLISHED

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

At Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa.

At the following rates, payable within three months from dte of subscribing:

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SECURE THE SHADOW ERE *THE SUBSTANCE FADES.*

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Having located in Ebensburg, I would respectfully inform the public that I am prepared to execute PHOTOGRAPHS in every style of the art, from the smallest card Picture to the largest sized for framing. Pictures taken in any kind of weather.

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Thankful for past favors, I solicit a continuance of the same. Gallery on Julian street, two doors south of Town Hall.

T. T. SPENCE, Photographer.

Ebensburg, Nov. 14, 1867.

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J. M. PIRCHER,

FASHIONABLE CLOTHIER & TAILOR,

IS SELLING OFF HIS ENTIRE

STOCK OF CLOTHING

At Reduced Prices,

AND WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO

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VERY LARGE STOCK OF

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DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

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Next Door to Masonic Hall,

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MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.

The subscriber still continues to manufacture of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner, at the

Loretto Marble Works,

all kind of MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES, as well as TABLE and BUREAU TOPS, and all other work in his line. None but the best American and Italian Marble used, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed to all cases at prices as low as like work can be obtained in the cities or elsewhere. Call and see specimens and judge for yourselves as to the merits cheapness of my work.

JAMES WILKINSON.

Loretto, March 12, 1868.1y.

J. B. WRIGHT, AGENT,

At Johnstown, Pa., for

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Office with C. L. Pershing, Esq., Franklin Street, near Main, (up-stairs.)

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WITH

M. CRESSWELL & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

No. 611 Market Street,

June 20, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

[From Cassell's Magazine.]

DEAD IN THE STREET.

A CITY INCIDENT.

Under the lamplights, dead in the street,
Delicate, fair, and only twenty:
There she lies,
Face to the skies,
Starved to death in a city of plenty:
Spurned by all that is pure and sweet,
Passed by busy and careless feet—
Hundreds bent upon folly and pleasure,
Hundreds with plenty, and time, and leisure:
Leisure to speed Christ's mission below,
To teach the erring and raise the lowly—
Plenty, in charity's name, to show
That life has something divine and holy.

Roasted charms—classical brow,
Delicate features—look at them now.
Look at her lips: once they could smile;
Eyes—well, never more they shall beguile;
Never more, never more word of hers
A blush shall bring to the saintliest face.
She has found, let us hope and trust,
Peace in a higher and better place;
And yet, despite of all ill, I ween,
Joy of some heart she must have been,
Some fond mother, proud of the task,
His stooped to finger each dainty curl:
Some vain father has bowed to ask
A blessing for her, his darling girl.
Hard to think, as we look at her there,
Of all the tenderness, love, and care,
Lonely watching and sore heart-ache,
All the agony, burning tears,
Joys and sorrows, and hopes and fears,
Breathed and suffered for her sweet sake.

Fancy will picture a home afar,
Out where the daisies and buttercups are,
Out where the life-giving breezes blow,
Far from these sudden streets, foulsome and low,
Fancy will picture a lonely hearth,
And an aged couple dead to mirth—
An aged couple, broken and gray,
Kneeling beside a bed to pray;
Or lying awake o' nights to hark
For a thing that may come in the rain and the dark!
A hollow eyed woman with weary feet.
Better they never know
She whom they cherished so
Lies this night, low and low,
Dead in the street.

MATTHIAS BARR.

[From the Metropolitan (Campaign) Record.]

DARBY DODD.

THE CARPET-BAGGERS HOLD A CAUCUS.

CHICAGO, May 20, 1868.

The human mind is an interesting subject for metaphysical analysis.

So is the trooly loil mind.

With a carpet-bag stowed away in one of the crypts of memory.

I have been impelled to these reflections by things which have recently eventuated.

Under the best and freest government the world has ever seen.

Wherefore I speak of them.

At the present time the trooly loil mind is not in what one might call a healthy condition.

Shakespeare, one of the best conundrummers of his time, asked his wife this question:

"Who can minister to a mind diseased?"

And she answered him:

"Nary one."

But I digress.

I have some things to unfold, and briefly shall they be rolled out.

We had a caucus last night.

Mr. Smiffles presided and made some remarks.

Says he:

"Gentlemen: Whither are we drifting?"

No response.

Then says he:

"*Are* we in the midst of a revolooshun?"

The silence was most impressive.

Then says he again;

"Let hate do its wust,
Our cause it is just,
And triumph we must."

Which sentiment evoked some cheers from an obscure man in a corner.

Mr. Smiffles resumed:

"Treason most foul is in our camp. What shall we do with it?"

"Make it odyus," said one of the delegates from Georgia.

"As to which way?" said Mr. Smiffles, darting a chain-lighting glance at the delegate.

And the delegate answered him thus:

"By adoptin some resoloosshuns."

"We have been betrayed," continued Mr. Smiffles; "we have been infamously sold out; but trooly loil blood won't stand it. The brother from Georgia may read his resolooshun."

It was as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the base and wicked Senators who have betrayed the party that elected them deserve the contempt and loathing of the trooly loil men of the nation, and the execration of an indignant and outraged people."

Abraham Wiggins thought that resolooshun would not reach the case. He would offer a substitute.

Mr. Wiggins was in the substitute business during the war.

He read his resolooshun.

"*Resolved*, That a committee be appointed by this meeting to investigate those Senators who have sold themselves to A. Johnson, and that the committee be authorised to send for members of Congress and papers, and sit to the day of judgment, if necessary."

This was adopted by all the delegates who were able to vote.

Most of them were sick.

The treason in Washington had a serious effect on their stomachs as well as their minds.

A delegate from Virginia then got up and said he held in his hand a copy of the *Bluetown Bugleblast*, containing an article that he thought the meeting should hear.

Mr. Smiffles told him he might read it, which he did.

It began thus:

"Freemen, arise! Put on your armor, for the enemy is at your gates! Infamous Senators have betrayed you! Johnson gloats in triumph in the White House! Shall this be thus? Freedom crushed under his furious heel shrieks to you to rally to her rescue! Treason is abroad! The abandoned wretch who still calls himself President leads the host! See what awaits you! Davis and Lee, reeking with the blood of slaughtered patriots, will be taken into the Cabinet! The loyal millions of the South will again feel the clank of chains upon their limbs! Horror upon horror's head will rapidly accumulate! Arise, and speak in thunder-tones! Let your voices sweep over the Blue Ridge and the Alleghanies! From the shores of Passamoquoddy to the snow-capped peaks of the Yo Semite, let the tones of an indignant nation roll and reverberate, until treason shrinks affrighted to its lair, and traitors crouch in terror in their dens!"

The article continued in this patriotic strain, and was loudly applauded.

When the reading was concluded, it was resolved to send some telegrams to Washington.

Abraham Wiggins sent this:

"*Hon. Chas. Sumner*:

"South Carolina is true to progress. Remove the Obstacle. Convict him on the other ten articles. Treason must be made odious. Can you spare ten dollars?

ABRAHAM WIGGINS."

This was sent by a delegate from Alabama:

"*Hon. Henry Willson*:

"The fate of unborn millions depends on the conviction of the traitor. Kick him out. Do you want any one to look after the renegades before the next vote is taken?

SIMON STANDISH."

And this by a delegate from Georgia:

"*Hon. Ben Wade*:

"Don't let him stick. We can't afford to give up the ship. If he resists, the loyal millions of Georgia will flock to the support of Congress. Let me know when the substitute business gets brisk.

HEZEKIAH PARKISS."

This from a Louisiana delegate:

"*Hon. Ben F. Butler*:

"Get him out some way, no matter how. Don't spare the Louisiana fund. If the traitor stays, we must go. Get some one to keep an eye on the renegade. Where's Conover? The party must and shall be preserved. EBENEZER SWILLETS."

A delegate from Arkansas sent this:

"*Hon Thad. Stevens*:

"Get up more articles. If you want evidence I know some men can be had cheap. Will go to Washington myself if you say so. Five hundred and board and mileage will do

THEOPHILUS HATCHWELL,
Late of Lowell."

Further proceedings of this kind were interrupted by an incident.

An infamous Copperhead insult.

It was this:

Some unmitigated scoundrel had pushed a boy in through one of the windows while the despatches were being written, and before any one had a chance to put him out, the young rascal had scattered a lot of circulars through the room.

He threw one at me, and I read it. It said:

> The undersigned would respectfully inform strangers and others that he has on hand a large and varied assortment of
>
> CARPET BAGS;
>
> which he offers at low prices. The attention of
>
> SOUTHERN DELEGATES
>
> to the Convention is particularly called to my new carpet bag with compartments for
>
> SPOONS, NAPKINS, ETC.
>
> This is the most useful article of the kind yet made, and should be in the hands of
>
> EVERY TROJLY LOIL MAN.
>
> A liberal discount to gentlemen who will distribute my cards in the South.
>
> Each man that loves his country well
> And in his soul reveres her flag,
> Will come where Joseph Smith doth dwell,
> And buy from him a carpet bag.
>
> JOSEPH SMITH,

Mr. Smiffles ordered the sergeant-at-arms to arrest the boy.

Which he did n't.

He made a grab at the boy, but the young scamp gave him a butt in the stomach with his head and then ran out.

Mr. Smiffles said the sergeant-at-arms did n't know his business.

To which that gentleman responded that it was a d—d lie.

Mr. Smiffles then got mad.

He picked up a bench and let it fly at the sergeant-at-arms.

Who sent it back to him.

Then Mr. Smiffles swore something and made a rush at his enemy.

The enemy hit him on the forehead and showed him some stars.

There was some prospect of a row.

The delegates sprang to their feet and two of them aimed blows at the enemy.

He went into them pretty quick, and took the fight out of them.

Then there *was* a row.

All the delegates rushed at him, but he took up a bench and knocked them down just as fast as they came.

And when they got up they made for the door and left.

In about ten minutes the enemy had cleared the room of all but himself and me.

Looking at me fiercely and brandishing the bench, he said, says he:

"Who the divil are you?"

"A boy from Kilkenny," says I.

"More power to ye!" says he.

"You were pretty hard on those chaps," says I.

"Begorra I gave them enough," says he, "and if they want any more they know where to get it. Bad luck to the blatherin spalpeens! sure there's no divarshin in powdherin thrancens like them at all."

The man was a Fenian Copperhead. Mr. Smiffles told me to-day that he did not know anything about his politics when he employed him as sergeant-at-arms. He was the janitor of the building, and Mr. Smiffles never suspected that he was a traitor until he felt it in his bones.

I left the sergeant-at-arms and went to my hotel.

Some delegations had arrived.

I spoke to one of the delegates from Iowa.

"How is Grimes?" says I.

"Grimes is dead," says he.

Then I met a delegate from Maine and asked him if he had seen Fessenden.

"Fessenden is dead," says he.

The next delegate I met was from Illinois, so I asked him how Trumbull was getting on.

"Trumbull is dead," says he.

A delegate from Missouri then came along, and I spoke to him about Henderson.

"Henderson in dead," says he.

The next delegate I saw was from Kansas, and I asked him if he had seen Ross.

"Ross is dead," says he.

Then I went up to a delegate from Tennessee and mentioned Fowler.

"Fowler is dead," says he.

A delegate from West Virginia came in and I inquired for Van Winkle.

"Van Winkle is dead," says he.

I was getting tired of this, so I asked the next delegate that came in how was the party.

And he said he thought the party was dead too.

Much depressed in spirit, I made my way up stairs, and when I got near my room I saw a light in it.

I opened the door and walked in, and one of the Southern delegates was sitting there with his carpet bag.

He said he had not been able to find a boarding-house anywhere and the rooms in the hotel were all engaged, so he would be very much obliged if I would let him sleep with me.

I told him he might, if he would first go down stairs and take a bath.

He said something about money, so I gave him fifty cents.

In half an hour he returned and we went to bed.

When I woke up this morning he was absent.

So were the sheets and pillow cases.

And his carpet bag.

I sleep pretty sound, but I never thought the sheets and pillow cases could to taken from under me without my knowledge.

But they were.

I am not sure who took them, but I have a suspicion.

If that delegate comes to me again, I think he'll get himself in trouble.

The Convention has not met yet.

It is to meet in Crosby's Opera House.

That was won in a lottery.

There will be a lot o' rye consumed before it adjourns.

And some Bourbon.

I understand that Yates is expected.

The market for codfish is lively.

Also, pork.

And there is an active demand for beans.

All of which shows that the Eastern States still exercise a powerful influence in domestic affairs.

But I must get ready to attend the Convention.

You will hear from me again, if things work right. DARBY DODD.

TALL CUSSING.—A South Carolina paper tells the following anecdote of one John M., a humorist of Talbot county, Georgia: He was in the bureau office of Butler, last fall, looking over some old tax books, when a negro who had some difficulty with his employer, entered and inquired if "he was de buro?" "Yes," said he, "I am the man." "Well, boss, I come to see' bout a fuss I had wid the man I worked wid, Mr. B. You see, boss, I axed him two weeks ago how much money and things I got in de store, and he told me $130 Well las' week I goes to town and buy three or four dollars' wuf of things, and den he says I owe him $250; and when I told him dat can't be so, he cussed——." "What! did he cuss you?" asked M. excitedly, turning over the leaves of the tax book. "Yes, boss, he cussed me twice." "Well," said M., hurriedly snatching up a pen, and making some marks on the book, "I fine him nine dollars for that." "Look-a-here, boss," said the negro eagerly, "does dey have to pay for cussin' us?" "Yes, four dollars and fifty cents for every time they cuss you." "Den," said the colored individual, rising solemnly, and putting his hat carefully on the table, "for God, boss, he done cuss his whole crop out, and I'se gwine home to collect my money." The negro made shell-road time back to his employer's, told the negroes of their good fortune, and the result was that every one of them went to Butler the next day to know about this "cuss money." B had some trouble in convincing the newly made, enlightened voters that "cussing" was not taxable.

NEW name for a seamstress: Miss Sew and Sew.

THE HOP SCOTCH CLUB.

BY JOHN QUILL.

"But Mr. Wilkins, just listen—"

"I say that you shan't join any such organization as long as you are a wife of mine. It's perfectly ridiculous, any way, for a lot of women like you and old Mrs. Smith to start out and try to get up a Hop Scotch Club. Who ever heard of a female playing such a game as that? It ain't decent, I tell you. It's a good enough game for one legged man, and if you choose to have a leg sawed off you can dance round as much as you've a mind to, but you shan't do it until you're a cripple, if you shall, I'm a Dutchman."

"Wilkins, you know I—,,

"A pretty looking spectacle you'll make of yourself standing on one of those old fourteen inch feet—"

"Wilkins, I'll break—"

"Standing on one of those hoofs, kicking around after an oyster shell, and putting your toe on the line and getting out, and having to go back and pitch for your place. Whose going to pay for the old boots you scuff out I'd like to know? I want you to understand I ain't. I'm not going to go round every week buying shoes to cover those feet and creating a panic in the leather market. Not if I know myself I ain't."

"If you will only let me explain, Mr. Wilk—"

"You can't hop anyhow. You couldn't stand on one leg to save your life, and even if you could, do you suppose I want my wife to go waltzing round through this hemisphere like a turkey with a sore toe? Hop? Why you couldn't hop any more than a cameleopard could turn a back somersault; no, you couldn't. You just might as well try to split a log of wood with a slice of watermelon as for you to endeavor to hop. If you're so fond of hopping, I'll get a hopper, and have you mashed up to atoms. I wish to gracious that could be done."

"Ain't you ashamed to talk in that—"

"The next I expect you'll want to be sauntering around this land of the free and the home of the brave, playing match games, and having your name published in the new-papers as the great Hop Scotch woman, and bring disgrace and misery on your family. But it shan't be done with my consent. If you go flipping around at any of these games hang me if I don't get the first policeman I can find to grab you as a maniac, and put you in a straight jacket. if I can buy one big enough to fit you. It's too scandalous for anything."

"Mr. Wilkins, you behave like a perfect—"

"And you're just the kind of woman to go to work and try to be at the head of the business and lay yourself out to win the champion's belt, and to go around challenging other feeble-minded women, and spreading yourself on matches. Why, it's ridiculous. I'd like to know what you'd do with the belt if you got it, anyhow? No belt, you know, is going to reach around that waist."

"Mr. Wilkins, what do you mean? I'll—"

"You might just as well try to buckle a skate strap around a church steeple; yes you might. You going to try for the champion's belt! Well, that is amusing. And then I suppose, if you win the stakes you'll come home here and spend the whole of the money on spring bonnets, and teach your neglected children vanity and pride. But I—'

"Wilkins, you're so silly."

"But I just want you to bear in mind that I put up no cash for you. I won't shell out any money for stakes. In my opinion you'd better a plagued sight stay at home and cook steaks for your family. When you die I'll drive a stake into your cold and silent grave to hold you down. That's—"

"You shan't talk in that scandalous—"

"That's all the stake you get out of me, unless you carry on your tomfoolery so long that I'll be obliged to drive a stake into the back-yard, and tie you to it by your Hop Scotch leg like some old hen to keep you from wandering off. And that's just what it's going to come to in my opinion, let me tell you."

"You know I never thought of such a—"

"And I don't want you to go practicing out here in the street with the boys in the afternoon either, just recollect that, will you? If you must Hop Scotch, go down in the cellar, out of decent society, and you can Hop Scotch or Irish or High Dutch, or any other way you want to, but keep out of the streets; I don't want this community to see an old pullet like you—"

"Wilkins, I'll scratch—"

"Like you bouncing around over the pavement among a parcel of boys, creating a first class earthquake every time you hop, and very likely getting the city authorities down on me for breaking the culverts in; and you'd a good deal better stamp around somewhere where they want the cobble stones rammed, only you'd very likely drive them half way through to China every time you came down on them with those number nines."

"If you only give me a chance, Mr. Wilkins, I'll tell you that—"

"I don't want to give you a chance, or you will hop off with all the decency and propriety in the family—"

"That I never thought of such a thing as joining a Hop Scotch Club—"

"What?"

"I never thought of such a thing in all my born days."

"The mischief you didn't? Then what do you mean by having the Constitution and Bye-Laws for the George Washington Hop Scotch Club in your drawer, say?"

"Breckinridge Augustus put them there."

"Well, why in the name of common sense didn't you say so before, and not give me the trouble and annoyance I've had?"

"Because you wouldn't let me speak."

"My gracious woman! your tongue has been going like a pendulum. I haven't had a chance to get a word in edgeways, or any other ways, for a week."

"What an awful story! I haven't uttered a sentence."

"Wh-e-w! There, woman, after that you'd better get out of bed and say your prayers over again. That's the toughest one you've told within an hour. And now stop your chatter, I'm tired of hearing your cackle."

And Wilkins closed up. But when I gazed upon the ponderous form of Mrs. Wilkens next morning, I thought to myself that she would not have been an ornamental object if she engaged in the game of Hop Scotch.

A BIT OF ROMANCE—PUMP WATER AND LOVE.—Dr. E. O. Guerrant, a gallant officer who served in the Confederate army as Adjutant General, in Western Virginia, was married on the 12th inst. to Miss Mary J. Duvalt, of Leesburg, Tenn. The Doctor and his fair bride are now stopping at the Louisville Hotel, being *en route* to their future home in Mt. Sterling, Ky. In connection with this marriage a comrade in arms of the doctor relates the following pleasing little romance:

In the midst of a terrific battle near Leesburg, in which the shot and shell were flying through the air like a hail storm, the doctor and Captain J., his companion, rode up to a house on the roadside and called for a drink of water, being almost famished with thirst. A charming young lady furnished the cooling beverage from a pump in the yard, and with one of her sweetest smiles, spoke a few words of good cheer to the war-worn soldiers, battling in the cause of the South.

It was not until the following day that Captain J. ascertained that his friend, the doctor, had been seriously wounded in the region of the heart. That smiling face, and those cheering words spoken by the lovely maiden who gave them the drink of water, sent a dart from Cupid's bow, more potent than a five years' courtship, into the tender-loin of the doctor's affections. He told Captain J. that if he lived "until this cruel war was over," he would go back to that house by the roadside and get another drink of water, even at the cost of entering the ranks of the "Benedicts."

It is unnecessary to add that he kept his word. Not satisfied with the Good Templar's drink, however, he robbed Tennessee of one of her most fascinating and accomplished daughters, who is now his wife, as above intimated.

FIRST TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—Captain C——, who had been around the world twelve times, formed the first temperance society in Madagascar. The natives are hard drinkers, and will imbibe anything which has alcohol in it. A chief boarded the vessel one day, as he was taking a little "pain killer," a pint bottle of which stood on a table. Thinking it rum, the chief eagerly asked for some, and would not believe the captain's assertion that it was medicine. Knowing his man, Captain C——, leaving the bottle, went to another part of the cabin. The temptation was not to be resisted by the chief, and, seizing the bottle, he drained a pint of the "pain killer" at one draught. The captain, returning, resumed the conversation, pretending not to notice the chief, who turned pale as his tawny complexion would admit, and kept up a rubbing of his abdominal regions. He twisted and turned in his seat a few moments, and then giving a yell, rushed out of the cabin, jumbed overboard, and swam for the shore. When next year Captain C—— revisited that harbor, not a drop would the chief touch. "Pain killer" had cured him; he was the first and only member of the first temperance society in Madagascar.

BY MOONLIGHT.—A lady correspondent of a Milwaukee paper, who, writing under a nom de plume, had received a note from a gentleman admirer, recently, in which the writer said a lady who could put such beautiful thoughts to paper must be equally gifted in person, etc., and wanted to meet her by moonlight alone, to which she wrote a consent. She came to the rendezvous veiled. They walked, he talked, he made love, and finally gained consent to take a little kiss: the veil was raised for the purpose and the love-stricken gentleman gazed upon the comely features of his own wife.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—Pretty girl to Charles: "Charley, how far is it round the world? Isn't it twenty-four thousand—" Charles (who adores pretty girl, put both arms around her)—"That's all a mistake, my love; its only about twenty-four inches." She was all the world to him, "Dear Charley."

THE OCEAN BOTTOM.

Mr. Green, the famous diver, tells singular stories of his adventures, when making search in the deep waters of the ocean. He gives some new sketches of what he saw at the "Silver Bank," near Hayti: "The banks of coral on which my divings were made are about forty miles in length, and from ten to twenty in breadth. On this bank of coral is presented to the diver one of the most beautiful and sublime scenes the eye ever beheld. The water varies from ten to one hundred feet in depth, and so clear that the diver can see from two to three hundred feet when submerged with but little obstruction to the sight. The bottom of the ocean in many places is as smooth as a marble floor; in others it is studded with coral columns, from ten to one hundred feet in hight, and from one to eighty feet in diameter. The tops of those more lofty support a myriad of pyramidal pendants, each forming a myriad more, giving reality to the imaginary abode of some water nymph. In other places the pendants form arch after arch, and as the diver stands on the bottom of the ocean, and gazes thro' in the deep winding avenues, he finds that they fill him with as sacred an awe as if he were in some old cathedral which has long been buried beneath old ocean's wave. Here and there the choral extends even to the surface of the water, as if the loftiest columns were towers belonging to those stately temples that are now in ruins. There were countless varieties of trees, shrubs and plants in every crevice of the corals where the water had deposited the earth. They were all of a faint hue, owing to the pale light they received, although of every shade, and entirely different from plants that vegetate upon dry land. One in particular attracted my attention; it resembles a sea fan of immense size, of variegated colors, and the most brilliant hue. The fish which inhabit these "Silver Banks" I found as different in kind as the scenery was varied. They were of all forms, colors and sizes—from the symmetrical goby to the globe-like sunfish; from the dullest hue to the changeable dolphin; from the spots of the leopard to the hue of the sunbeam; from the harmless minnow to the voracious shark. Some had heads like squirrels, others like cats and dogs; some of small size resembled the bull terrier. Some darted through the water like meteors, while others could scarcely be seen to move. To enumerate and explain all the various kinds of fish I beheld while diving on these banks would, were I enough of a naturalist so to do, require more than my limits allow, for I am convinced that most of the kinds of fish which inhabit the tropical seas can be found there. The sun fish, star fish, white shark and blue or shovel nose shark were often seen. There were also fish which resembled plants, and remained as fixed in their position as a shrub; the only power they possessed was to open and shut when in danger. Some of them resembled the rose when in full bloom and were of all hues. There were the ribbon fish, from four or five inches to three feet in length; their eyes are very large and protrude like those of a frog. Another fish is spotted like a leopard, from three to ten feet in length. They build their houses like beavers, in which they spawn, and the male or female watches the egg until it hatches. I saw many specimens of the green turtle, some five feet long, which I should think would weigh four or five hundred pounds."

A WITNESS.—A Yankee, having told an Englishman that he shot, on one particular occasion, nine hundred and ninety-nine snipe, his interlocutor asked him why he didn't make it a thousand at once.

"No," said he; "not likely I'm going to tell a lie for one snipe."

Whereupon the Englishman rather "riled," and determined not to be outdone, began to tell a long story of a man having swam from Liverpool to Boston.

"Did you see him?" asked the Yankee.

"Well, of course I did. I was coming across, and our vessel passed him a mile out of Boston harbor."

"Well, I'm glad ye saw him, stranger, 'cos yer a witness I did it. That was me."

A GOOD STORY is told concerning the writing of Mr. J. W. Brooks, the great railroad manager. He had written a letter to a man on the Central Route, notifying him that, under the penalty of prosecution, he must remove a barn which in some manner incommoded the road. The threatened individual was unable to read any part of the letter but the signature, but took it to be a free pass on the road, and used it for a couple of years as such, none of the conductors being able to dispute his interpretation of the document.

A BOY was sent by his mother to saw some stove wood out of old railroad ties. Going out doors shortly after, she found the youth sitting on the saw horse, with head down. The mother asked her hopeful son why he was cast down and why he didn't keep at his work. The boy replied thus: "My dear mother, I find it hard, very hard, to sever old ties."

A MAN lost his wife. His neighbors called upon him to offer consolation, and he came into the house all covered with dirt and water. "Why, Mr. Brown, what have you been doing?" "My wife dying so, made it a broken day and I thought I would wash my well."

THE FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

THURSDAY, : : : : : JUNE 4, 1868.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE,
Of Fayette County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,
Of Columbia County.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic electors, and all others opposed to Radical misrule, will meet at their respective election precincts, on SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JUNE, instant, between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing two delegates from each district to attend a County Convention, to be holden at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE, instant, to place in nomination a County Ticket to be supported by the Democrats and Conservatives at the coming election, and to transact such other business as the interests of the country and the party may demand.

By order of the Committee.
R. L. JOHNSTON, Chairman.
Ebensburg, June 1, 1868.

Death of Hon. Jas. Buchanan.

Ex-President JAMES BUCHANAN died at his home, Wheatland, near Lancaster, on on Monday morning last. For several weeks past the venerable deceased has been in a very feeble state of health, which added to his advanced age, left but little reason to hope that his life would be much longer protracted. Mr. Buchanan was born in Franklin county on the 22d of April, 1791, and hence was in his 78th year at the time of his death. He has been in public life almost constantly since the age twenty-three, at which time he was elected a member of the Legislature. Franklin Pierce and Millard Filmore are the only surviving Ex-Presidents since the removal by death of Mr. Buchanan.

The End of Impeachment.

It will be remembered that on the 16th of May the Senate, sitting as a High Court of Impeachment, voted on the *eleventh* article, and acquitted the President by *one vote*.—The Court then adjourned until Tuesday, 26th ult. In the meantime the discomfitted and crest fallen Radicals had met in Convention at Chicago and nominated their candidates for President and Vice President. Although that Convention did not pass any formal resolution of censure against the *seven* Republican Senators who had voted for the acquittal of the President, although it did not expel them from the Radical fold, as was demanded at their hands, nevertheless it endorsed the impeachment movement. Meetings were held in various portions of the country by the Loyal League and kindred associations, denouncing the seven unregenerate Senators—charging them with bribery and corruption, and demanding their political execution. On the day after the President's acquittal on the eleventh article the Radical Rump adopted a resolution authorizing the Impeachment Managers to investigate the charge that corrupt means had been used in procuring the verdict of acquittal by the vote of the Senate. This investigation has been going on ever since, under the leadership of that meanest and most infamous of all our public men, Benjamin F. Butler, whose very name is a stench in the nostrils of the people. So far as the developments of Butler's committee have been made public, they do not implicate any of the seven Senators who could not be frightened into a surrender of their conscience by Radical threats and abuse; but, on the contrary, they make out a strong case of guilt against at least one Radical Senator, who, it seems, was willing to sell himself for a consideration. The investigation, therefore, is likely to prove an Australian boomerang in the hands of "*bottled up*" Butler, and may in the end turn round and plague its inventors.

When the Senate met again as a Court, on the 26th of May, the Radicals indulged a strong hope that a vote for conviction might be had on the *second article*, which was considered to be as formidable as the *eleventh*. It was thought, too, by the more sanguine, that Ross of Kansas would reverse his vote for acquittal on the 16th, and would now vote for conviction, thus securing the talismanic number—*thirty-six*. It was the last expiring effort of a set of desperate and wicked men to concentrate all the power of the government in their own hands. With them, as with a losing player, it was the last throw of the dice—and they *lost!* The vote on the *second* article stood 35 for conviction and 19 for acquittal—the same as on the eleventh article. A vote was then taken on the *third* article, and the vote was precisely the same —35 to 19. A motion was then made and carried that the Court adjourn *sine die*, or, as a wag expressed it, "until the day of judgment." And thus ended this great and stupendous farce. The success of the Radical party in the coming Presidential campaign was staked on the issue of impeachment. It was so proclaimed by its leaders, and the people will not be slow in recording their verdict.

The acquittal of the President is perhaps due to Chief Justice Chase more than to any other man; not that he did anything wrong, or that his course is not fully approved by the leading members of the Bar throughout the country. His bearing was dignified during the whole trial, while his fairness and impartiality bespoke the unprejudiced and fearless Judge. None of the originators of this proceeding have won any laurels, but rather dishonor and disgrace. It was a shameless proceeding from its commencement to its close—partisan and vindictive in all its aspects and surroundings. In his connection with it, from its inception to its termination, Benjamin F. Butler has sounded the depths and shoals of political and moral infamy, while Stevens, malignant and venomous as he is, stands dishonored and rebuked by the verdict of the Senate. No one but a bigoted Radical doubts that the seven Republican Senators who voted for the President's acquittal were actuated by pure and conscientious motives. They sacrificed their party devotion to the cause of justice, the law and the evidence. They will be slandered and abused, for such is the fate of all who, in a great crisis like the one through which the country has just passed, have the moral courage to break the chains of party subserviency. In better days and by other men the purity of their motives will be vindicated.

STANTON.

One of the most gratifying results of the acquittal of the President is the retirement of Stanton from the War Office. On the evening of the same day on which the impeachment bubble collapsed in the Senate, he addressed a letter to the President informing him that he had relinquished charge of the War Department. There has been something ineffably base in the manner in which Stanton has retained his position as a Cabinet officer. We doubt if there could be found another man in the United States, Ben. Butler excepted, who would imitate Stanton's example. More than a year ago he very well knew that his presence in the Cabinet was distateful to the President, and that his resignation would be most acceptable. During the debate in the Senate on the civil tenure bill Sherman of Ohio, as well as other Radical Senators, gave him to understand that they entertained a supreme contempt for a Cabinet Minister who could so far compromise his self respect as to retain his office against the well known wishes of the President. But Stanton was immovable, lost to all sense of shame, and regarded himself as being the very head and front of the government. Defeated in his great purpose, the impeachment and removal of the President, he became disgusted with the action of the Senate, and has resigned, sneaking away like a whipped spaniel, leaving Andrew Johnson, by whom he is hated and despised above all other men, master of the situation and still in quiet possession of the White House.

The following is Stanton's letter to the President:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, May 26, 1868.

SIR: The resolution of the Senate of the United States of the 21st of February last, declaring that the President has no power to remove the Secretary of War and designate any other officer to perform the duties of that officer AD INTERIM, having this day failed to be supported by two-thirds of the Senators present and voting on the articles of impeachment preferred against you by the House of Representatives, I have relinquished charge of the War Department, and have left the same and the books, archives, papers, and property heretofore in my custody as Secretary of War, in care of Brevet Major General Townsend, the senior assistant adjutant general, subject to your direction.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

To the President of the United States.

Why Grant Dislikes the Hebrews

A correspondent of the Chicago *Times* says:

The question is often asked, "What has General Grant against the Jews?" or "Why did he issue that notorious proclamation driving all Jews and *other* vagabonds, outside his encampment?" And not having seen any satisfactory published answer, I will give you what I suppose to be the real cause of his dislike to the Jews. During the witer of 1859 and 1860, while Grant was living at Galena, he took it into his head to commence business on his own hook; and thinking there was speculation in buying dressed hogs and shipping them to Chicago, he came down to the town of Believue, lying some twelve miles southwest, on the west bank of the Mississippi, for the purpose of buying of the farmess as they came in town with their pork, and having it hauled to Galena, and there shipped on the railroad to Chicago, or in any other way was disposed of so as to make a profit—which was very honorable, and, if managed understandingly, could have been made a profitable business. There lived at that time in Bellevue a man by the name of Rosenthal, who was a Jew, and who was in the pork trade, and, of course, would be glad to keep the trade in his own hands; so he determined, if possible, not to give Grant much of a chance, and the first two or three loads of pork were bid up far beyond its real value, and finally sold to Grant. By this time Rosenthal discovered that Grant knew no difference between the price of light and heavy hogs, when, in reality, there is a difference of at least one dollar per hundred—heavy hogs being worth one dollar the most—the hogs already purchased by Grant being light, and he having paid the full price for heavy hogs. So Rosenthal goes to his warehouse; selects out all his light hogs, enough to load two or three wagons; gets some farmers who had wood racks on their wagons to load on the hogs, drive out of town by another street, and come in on the main road to the corner where they were buying. Rosenthal meets them there by another street, and commenced bidding against Grant, and, after bidding the pork up to the full value of heavy pork, it was sold to Grant. But the joke, or "sell," being too good to keep, it was not half an hour before everybody nearly was splitting with laughter to see how the Jew had sold the Galena pork buyer; which so disgusted Grant that he went home that night, and was never seen in Bellevue after. And that transaction so embittered him against the old tribes of Israel that I doubt whether he could now be reconciled. And this is undoubtedly the whole cause of the expulsion of Jews from the camp.

—We have not heard of any of the bloodshed so confidently predicted by General Grant, as the result of the President's acquittal, neither have there as yet been any indications of an intention on the part of the President to usurp powers not delegated by the Constitution. These bloody and usurping demonstrations will occur about the time that Butler's apple blossoms make their appearance.

The Republican Party Dead.---A Lively Funeral Discourse.

Don Platt, a well known Western radical politician, writes as follows to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, under date Mac-a-Cheek, May 17:

I wish to make a few observations of a philosophical sort touching the late Republican party.

I assisted some twelve or thirteen years since at the birth of the party just demised, having travelled from the Mac-a-Cheek valley to Buffalo, carrying a plank for the platform on which the newly born was to be cradled, and my affections have grown with its growth to such an extent that its sudden death threw me into a state of profound grief, disturbed by indignation. I passed from lamentation to an indignation meeting, and from an indignation meeting to deep grief. But with reflection came consolation. I came to the consoling thought that I was not the only sufferer, and handing out my surplus affliction to my beloved country at large, I found my share could be carried without much inconvenience.

The immediate cause of its death was dyspepsia, aggravated by whiskey.

But the seeds of weakness and disease were planted in its birth. We began a party of reform, of agitation, of aggression, and we took into our embraces the old whig party, that was a party of conservatism, aggravated by great dignity and timidity. The result has been internal dissensions. The ultra reform party could not digest the conservative lump, and we have been afflicted with cholic, so to speak, that well nigh destroyed our usefulness. Our actions, in consequence, have been contradictory. While at one time we create a John Brown, and glory in John Brown as our greatest and best beloved, organized huge armies, fought out big wars and liberated a race, on the other hand we have been busy smoothing our war's wrinkled front with the decayed plasters of past wrong doing. It is called compromise—which means to give the devil your soul in a dignified, peaceful manner.

The last internal convulsion exhibited with great clearness the different elements. On the one side we had Butler, Stevens, Bingham, Logan, Sumner and Drake; on the other stood, in calm repose, Fessenden and Trumbull, while between floated another element, born of the revolutionary times, that had its marketable value, and fluctuated as either party bid.

Now, I am prepared to admit that Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull were actuated by the highest and the most honorable motives. I do not believe they could be bought with money or swayed by prejudice. They felt that they were jurors, under oath, answerable to their God for the verdict they rendered. Nor do I blame them for responding as they did to the solemn question asked them by the Chief Justice. I believed that the thirty five voting "guilty" were honorable, honest men. But in political life a blunder is worse than a crime, and Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull blundered in belonging to the republican organization at all. They should have gone over to the party of Stanberry and Groesbeck, where the old whig dignity is preserved intact, and where conservatism is so intense that an ancient wrong is preferred to a new right, and where official position is so glorified that a halo is thrown around an inebriated mule that an all-wise Providence, through some inscrutable reason, has set on end and made our President.

When Impeachment was first broached the evidence was as well known as it was at the end of the trial. At the beginning Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull should have made their fight. Failing to defeat it they should have resigned their positions, as honorable men, and washed their dignified hands of the responsibility. But they chose to reserve themselves for a conflict when their triumph would be our death, and are somewhat astonished at the popular howl of wrath and indignation that comes up over their dignified, honest, honorable stupidity.

We could have survived a blunder great as this is had it come alone, but it is the concluding act of a long series. Through the unsettled condition of a country suffering from civil war we have developed more rascality than any organization ever called into existence. We have filled the offices with thieves and their pockets with stealings. We have organized rings that in turn create officeholders and control the government. Men go in poor and come out millionaires. For one dollar paid to the government from hard earned taxes, hundreds stick to the dirty fingers of official scoundrels. We have whiskey rings, Indian Bureau rings, manufacturers' rings, national bank rings, railroad rings, landjobbing rings and internal improvement rings. From the lowest officials up to Senators and Cabinet officers, the taint of corruption runs, until the people, dazed and confused, confound the right and listen with indifference to the threats of exposure.

When charged with all this they have responded, "Andy Johnson is corrupt and appointed scoundrels to office." Well, Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull have, under oath, pronounced him not guilty, and let him go acquit.

At the end of a fearful war the people had a right to expect that the expenses of the Government should be brought back at once to a peace footing. They demanded a reduction of the army to what it was in 1860; that the useless monitors should be sold for old iron; that the hundred thousand thieves called office-holders should be dismissed, and the appropriations cut down to a reasonable expenditure.

We have replied that Andrew Johnson, who came in through assassination, has organized assassination at the South, and an army of at least fifty thousand men is necessary to keep the peace. Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull have voted not guilty, and let Andrew go acquit.

The people have expected that in our hands reconstruction at the South would progress with reasonable speed, and that unhappy region restored to a state of quiet and prosperity. The expectation might not be reasonable, for the blind bigotry that hurried us into a bloody war has developed in hate that, with stupid fury, casts aside all social and legal restraint. But we answer that our wise acts of legislation have been rendered null and void by an Executive that plants itself squarely in opposition to the law-making power. Now, Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull vote "not guilty," and the accused goes acquit.

We awaken to the unpleasant fact that not Andrew Johnson, but the Republican party, has been on trial, and the sentence is a sentence of death, rendered by our own Senators, who have grown fat, rich and great through our organization. To have such a trial, with such a result (and Messrs. Fessenden and Trumbull knew it as well at the beginning as they did at the end), is a great blunder—a blunder worse than a crime. It may be that the disgust felt by the country at large for the democratic peace party may call into existence a new organization; but the Republican party is dead, and we may as well gracefully admit the fact and accept the situation.

A HORSE was stolen from Henry Fleck, in Logan tp., Blair co., on the night of 26th.

[From the New York World.]

The Republican Candidate for President.

If a backwoodsman should insist on using an axe to cut his crop of grain, instead of a sickle, because the axe had rendered good service in felling the forest that stood upon the same ground the preceding year, nobody would be apt to think well of his judgment in the selection of a utensil. As we are not to have a war, there is less fitness in the selection of a general than of a statesman, as a candidate for President. General Grant has been nominated solely in consequence of his military reputation. Waiving, for the present, the fundamental objection that the instrument is not adapted to the proposed use, and that the presidency, during the next term, will afford no scope for the exercion of military talents, we challenge inquiry into the grounds of General Grant's fame as a soldier. We suppose that none of his friends will seriously maintain that he is entitled to be called a great general merely because he has commanded great armies, much less because he has exposed and lost in battle great multitudes of men. His reputation rests upon the fact that all his campaigns have been successful. But success against such adversaries as Pillow or Pemberton in the West is no very signal proof of abilities, unless they commanded greater forces; which they did not. General Lee was a more worthy antagonist; but General Lee was not conqured by fighting him, but by exhausting his resources. He stood on the defensive for nearly a year after Grant assumed command in the East, although the Confederacy was even then, when Grant crossed the Rapidan, tottering and well-nigh spent by three years' exertion in a strenuous and unequal struggle. It is certainly just to credit Grant with the capture of Lee; but there is a debit as well as a credit side to the account. What General Scott called "the economy of life by means of headwork" will be sought for in vain in the campaigns of General Grant. His successes have been won by a prodigal expenditure of his soldiers. In his last and greatest campaign he pitted an enormous army against a small one, and sacrificed twice as many men as Gen. Lee had under his command. It is not justice, but adulation, to praise him as if he had conquered an army as large as his own. It is not justice but an affront to humanity to give him as much credit as if he had achieved the same result without such wholesale sacrifices of man. The following is an authentic statement of the respective forces and losses of Generals Grant and Lee between the Rapidan and the James:

Grant, on assuming command May 4, 1864, had of effective men besides the reserve, when he crossed the Rapidan, 125,000.

Lee at the same date had an effective force of 52,000.

Grant's reinforcements up to the battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, were 97,000.

Lee's reinforcements up to the same date, were 18,000.

Grant's total force, including reinforcements, was 222,000.

Returns to their respective governments showed that when both armies had reached the James, June 10, the number of Grant's army that had been put hors du combat was 117,000.

Up to the same date, the number of Lee's man who had been put hors du combat was 19,000.

The two armies then met in front of Petersburg.

We have been at some pains to ascertain and verify these figures, and we vouch for their substantial accuracy. We shall take care that they do not escape the notice nor slip the recollection of the country. We cheerfully concede to General Grant the merit of success; but it is right that the country should know the terrible cost at which that success was purchased.

The truest test of military genius is the accomplishment of great results with slender means. We can recall no instance (unless Grant be an instance) of a general who established his title to be called great otherwise than by succeeding against great disadvantages—either superior numbers, or consummate abilities in the commanders opposed to him, or formidable physical obstacles. A man does not prove that he possesses a giant's strength by overmastering an invalid or a cripple. A general does not establish his title to be considered great by subduing an army one-third as large as his own, and losing five of his own men for every one that he disables of the enemy.

We have had some experience before of running successful generals as candidates for the presidency; but their achievements were, in this particular, a great contrast to those of General Grant. General Jackson won his brillant victory at New Orleans with 7000 men against a British army of 12,000. General Taylor had but about 6000 men at Buena Vista, and the Mexicans twice or thrice that number. General Scott had 8,500 at Cerro Gordo, the Mexicans 12,000. The splendid victory of Contreras was achieved by Scott with 4,500 men against 12,000 Mexicans. General Scot, in his report to the Secretary of War, speaking of the battles in front of Mexico, said: "And I assert, upon accumulated and unquestionable evidence, that in not one of these conflicts was this army opposed by fewer than three-and-a-half times its numbers—in several of them by a yet greater excess." If it be said that Grant had disadvantages of ground and position to encounter in advancing through an enemy's country, the same is equally true of Scott, who nevertheless with greatly inferior numbers advanced rapidly from triumph to triumph, while Grant, operating with superior numbers against a nearly exhausted foe, required a whole year to capture Richmond, which finally succumbed to exhaustion rather than to military genius.

—The country has seen what follows from going after Thad Stevens and the rest of the revolutionists, "wholly outside the Constitution." By November it will conclude to get in out the wet.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—Wooley, in arrest for comtempt of Butler, is said to be the only prisoner the Doctor ever took.

—Brown, the Canaan child murderer, has made a lengthy written statement, which he will read from the scaffold.

—T. Stevens in his rage remarks that the impeacement is "the meanest trial, before the meanest tribunal, of the meanest man in the world."

—A letter from Fort Lynn, Colorado, says the celebrated Kit Karson died at that post on the 23d inst. from the rupture of an artery in his neck.

—The Radical ticket would suit an English cockney. It is 'arf an'-'arf—Grant is the whisky and Colfax the water. Nice dose for temperance men to swallow.

—A wild man, covered with hair and having tushes several inches long has been discovered in the woods in Mississippi, and some of the Radical Carpet-Baggers are after him to make a voter of.

—The Boston *Post* says an expedition is about being organized to go in search of Manager Boutwell. The last seen of him he was mounted upon a kind of prose Pegasus, and going to search for a hole in the sky.

—A girl who is playing Undine in a spectacular circus now peregrinating in Illinois, is the daughter of a banker in Philadelphia, a graduate of a school, and a final faller-in-love with a circus-rider. Hence these tights.

—A boy from Selem, Mass., was sent to the State prison for five years for burglary at the last term of the Essex Superior Court. He is but eighteen years of age, and has been sentenced to the House of Correction twenty-one times.

—A Hamilton (O.) paper says of a certain Ohio Radical editor: "He is a blackguard, and not fit to be an editor. He ought to be in Congress, with Donnelly and Washburne. In the press, he is above his level; in Congress, he'd be on it!"

—Much suffering exists in some of the counties of South Carolina, in consequence of the impoverished condition of the people. Hundreds of persons are upon the borders of starvation. One meal in four days has been the average in a number of families for a month past.

—Coburne and M'Coo'e are undergoing a spell of forty days' training in the jail of Dearborne county, Indiana, at the request of Judge Wilson, who sincerely regretted that he could not extend the time. His regret will be shared by the people generally everywhere.

—Harmon V. Strong, a member of the last Grand Jury of Albany county, New York, committed suicide on his farm a few days ago. It is believed that he innocently divulged some secret of the jury room, and subsequently learning the penalty attached to the offence, was overcome with remorse.

—Grant made a stammering speech to a mob who called to congratulate him on his nomination, in which he flatly promised, if elected, to be drunk during the whole four years of his term. His language was that his "record in the past should be the guide of his future." Good heavens, what a threat!

—The Council of Roman Catholic Bishops at Quebec have chosen Bishop Lynch, of Toronto, to be Archbishop of the Province, subject to the final confirmation by the Pope. It is also announced that Father Dowd, of Montral, will be appointed coadjutor Bishop of that Diocese, in room of Bishop Lynch.

—The Kansas people have found a way to circumvent the grasshoppers. It consists in turning sheep upon the wheat to eat it down, so that when the insects come and find nothing, they leave in disgust. The wheat recovers from the feeding of the sheep, but if the grasshoppers go over it, they take root as well as stalk.

—An ingenious locksmith, in the quiet little city of Baireuth, claims to have invented a printing press which will work twice as fast as Hoe's best presses, and costs only one-eighth or one-ninth as much as the latter. He is coming here with his model, and will take out a patent for his invention in the United States.

—Butler's inquisition has demanded that the "contumacious Wooley" be ordered into solitary confinement, and, on motion of Bingham, and under the operation of the gag, the conspirators of the Rump House ordered the Sergeant-at arms to fit up two cells in the old Capitol prison for his reception. Justice will overtake those despots sooner or later.

—The Chicago *Tribune* (horribly black) says Senator Yates (also horribly black) "has other vices, besides drunkenness, which ought to be reformed." Were the vices of a majority of these Mongrel Senators to be abandoned, there would not be enough left of the rascals for identification. Their best friends would not know them. They would not know themselves.

—John S. Hubbard, of East Glastenbury, Ct., reports that on Sunday morning, with a noise like thunder, the water in his well under his house burst through the floor, lifting up the wall of heavy stones with which it was built, and rising over twenty-two feet in five minutes, subsiding in about half an hour and leaving in the water on Monday morning a thick yellow scum.

"POLECAT" VENGEANCE.—The New York *Times* (Rep.) says: "The vengeance of the Radicals in Congress for the failure of impeachment is taking a lofty flight. It is stated that a resolution is to be introduced into the House 'to require the removal of Miss Vinnie Ream and Clark Mills, jr., from the rooms of the Capitol, now occupied by them as studios, it being a matter of common report that both of these artistic fledglings, especially the former, have been effectively lobbying against the President's conviction.' This is noble, magnanimous, high toned—worthy of the men said to be engaged in it. We hope they will carry out the brilliant plan to which they are thus bending their energies; it will give them a record of which even they will very soon become ashamed."

A STRANGE scene occurred on the farm of Mr. John McLean, Bruce township, N. Y. Three men were at work in a field when they observed two eagles on the wing, apparently fighting. They alighted on the ground near by. Joseph Graham made for the scene of action, and boldly threw himself upon the feathered combatants, seizing hold of one in each hand. They then quit fighting and turned on their captor. One seized him by the toe of his boot, the other took firm hold of his pants and smock, as he was in a stooping posture. Graham, thinking this more than good fun, cried lustily for help. Angus McLean speedily came to the rescue. While removing the talons of one of them from Graham's clothes, the other turned upon McLean and buried his claw in his arm. However, both eagles were secured and are now in one cage, restored to peace and harmony. The female measures six feet seven inches from tip to tip. The male, which is larger, spreads at least seven feet.

THE "B. Fs."—The Radical list of Benjamin Franklins adorning the Senate is thus embellished:

"Benjamin F. Butler, chief manager in the impeachment plot. He stole spoons and bullied women in New Orleans."

"Benjamin F. Rice, carpet-bag Senator from Arkansas. He stole $5,000 of a client's money in Kentucky, gambled it off and ran away in the night."

"Benjamin F. Wade, President of the Senate, and professor of cursing and swearing. He voted to make himself President of the United States."

What's in a name?

—Mr. Mungen stated in Congress, a few days ago, that a proposition was made by the Confederate goverment during the war, to pay three times the price in cotton, gold and tobacco for medicines for our soldiers at Andersonville and other Southern prisons; that those medicines should be put under charge of Federal surgeons, and be by them taken in person to the different Southern prisons and used and distributed for the use of Union prisoners alone. No response was made to this by the Federal goverment. He said he could prove this if the House would allow an official inquiry. Mr. Garfield objected.

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* says of Colfax that he is "a politician by trade, and is notorious in Indiana as a chronic office-beggar;" that he "was elected to Congress in 1864, by the '*Know Nothing*' party, and he was one of the most bitter, loud mouthed defamers of our foreign born fellow citizens in that memorable campaign;" and that "he is best known as a mere partisan intriguer, as full of Radical bitterness as old Thad. himself and possessed of neither strength nor comprehensiveness of mind nor generosity of disposition."

The HOWE Sewing Machine
MANUFACTURED BY
THE HOWE MACHINE CO.
—ELIAS HOWE, JR.,—
FOR FAMILIES AND MANUFACTURERS.

THE GREAT PRIZE.
Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867.
Awarded over Eighty-two Competitors,
THE HIGHEST PREMIUM
HIS ONLY CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR AND GOLD MEDAL.

Given to American Sewing Machines, per Imperial Decree, published in the "Moniteur Universel" (Official Journal of the French Empire), 22 July, 1867. In these words:

Elias Howe, Jr. { Fabricants de Machines coudre exposant. / Manufacturers of Sewing Machines, Exhibitors

The Howe Sewing Machines are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same number than any other machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family sewing, and will perform every description, including Embroidering and Quilting, alike on both sides of the article sewed, and will not ravel nor break.

Every Machine is as near perfection as the best practical men in the world can make it.

For parts being exactly alike, if any part needs to be repaired, the operator can replace it.

The New Improved Family Machine is without a rival, and cannot be surpassed.—See Pamphlet.—Price, $50. Circular sent free to guide go with each Family Machine free of charge.

Buyers of Sewing Machines are earnestly Cautioned against the use the Medallion Head of Elias Howe, Jr., Trademark adopted in each Machine, as many parties have assumed the name of a similarity of name, and other unjustifiable devices to fool unfortunate and the Public as Howe Machines.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

N. B. We have Fuller & Harmon's New York County and Manufacturer's Right Guide and Rights combined, for Sale to Agents.

SHELEY & STOOPS,
Sole agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Western Virginia, to whom all applications for Agencies are addressed at either of the following places: No. 21 South Third street, Philadelphia. (Principal Office.) No. 4 Fifth street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, or 222 Broad street, Newark, New Jersey.

HOP BITTERS.
I HAVE SUFFERED WITH CATARRH for years, it had destroyed my voice and so affected my sight and hearing. In six weeks I have been entirely cured. For humanity's sake I will send the receipt for the simple remedy, free of POSTAGE PAID, to all afflicted. Those wishing to avoid reading the name, will please address

JAS. T. HOLDEN, Station D,
Public Hospital, N. Y.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are Charming for Likelihood.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are Superior for Elasticity.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are unequalled for Durability.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines,
In a word, are the best in the world, and more widely known than any other.
At wholesale by
THOMSON, LANGDON & Co.,
391 Broadway,
New York.

HOWE'S
STANDARD SCALES

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF SCALE warranted, as to correct construction. Send for price list. Also, a few second hand Scales of other makers, taken in part pay for our own, for sale CHEAP.

HOWE SCALE CO.,
4 Park Place, New York.
181 Federal st., Boston.

THOSE BEAUTIFUL
NEW YORK
SILICATE BOOK SLATES,
Just published in the most attractive styles. One of the most useful inventions of the age.
DESCRIPTIVE PRICE LIST.
College, School, and Mercantile Book Slates,
(WITH FULL CLOTH BINDINGS.)

	Per Hundred
POCKET BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, and with rubber for lead or soapstone pencil,	$ 6 00
QUARTZ BOOK SLATE, For common school use, with soapstone pencil,	8 00
CRYSTAL BOOK SLATE, For common school use, with soapstone pencil,	10 00
SILICA BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, six Slate surfaces, for schools, mercantile and general purposes, with soapstone pencil,	12 00
SILEX BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, six Slate surfaces, for office and mercantile purposes, with soapstone pencil,	16 00
STONE BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, six Slate surfaces, for schools and seminaries, with soapstone pencil,	20 00
MINERAL BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, six Slate surfaces, for colleges, academies and professional use, with soapstone pencil,	24 00
FLINT BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, six Slate surfaces, for the desk, store or mechanic, with soapstone pencil,	100 00

Any one of the above (as samples) will be sent, (prepaid by mail), on receipt of the single price.
Everybody wants; everybody buys as quick as seen.
Just the thing for practical convenience.
A good man wanted for this County, apply or address
New York Silicate Book Slate Company,
29 Cortlandt Street,
New York.

G. & H. BARMORE,
PIANO FORTE
MANUFACTURERS,
Ware-rooms, 348 Bleecker Street, New York City.
32 Years Established, and 27 Prize Medals Awarded.

Our Piano Fortes are now universally acknowledged by the most eminent artists to be the finest manufactured, and wherever they have been introduced and used, we are not required to say the word in their favor, their excellence stands pre-eminently as those of other makers, and from the great success achieved, and improvements made by us in the last thirty years, we can afford to sell a first-class Piano Forte at $100 to $150 less than all other manufacturers charge.

Every Piano Forte Warranted for 5 Years, and to give Satisfaction.

Our Pianos are made to last; them all is used for every part are to roughly seasoned, and of the very best quality that can be procured. No part is slighted; what the public ever might see, never escapes our vigilance. Every part, inside and out, is honestly, faithfully made, so that it will bear the most minute examination. They differ from the land, coarse tone of most pianos, which is hard in the beginning, and grows worse every day, the result is a refined and delicate, pure in its vibrations, delightful in its singing capacity, and has all the power necessary to produce every desired effect.

They are, without doubt, the best, the most lasting, and consequently the cheapest. We are confident with a fair trial. Our prices range from $100 to $1000.

NEW YORK PIANO FORTE
COMPANY.
(CHARTERED MARCH, 1864.)
Manufacturers of
GRAND AND SQUARE
Agraffe Piano-Fortes.
No. 340 and 342 Second Avenue,
(CORNER OF 20th STREET.)
NEW YORK.
Send for descriptive Catalogue and Price List.

OSBORN MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
169 Bleecker Street, N. Y.
"OSBORN" BIRD AND ANIMAL CAGES.

Manufactured solely by this Company, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. Letters of Patent of the United States.
These Cages are of a great variety of styles and finish, and include
Canary, Parrot, Mocking Bird, Squirrel &c.
They are finished in a superior manner, no pains or expense—which has led to their construction. They are Vermin Proof. Bird Fanciers will appreciate these points of excellence, to be found in no other Cages. They received the highest premium at the American Institute and New York State Fairs of 1867.
Liberal discount to the Trade. Send for Circular and Price List.

The Last Crowning Success.
Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S
IMPROVED
HAIR RESTORER
(FAVORITE)
HAIR DRESSING
New Style in one Bottle
will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.
For Sale by all Druggists.
DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR

(ESTABLISHED IN 1838.)
FIRST PRIZE GOLD MEDAL.
Awarded by the American Institute, New York, 1857, to
SCHUTZE & LUDOLFF,
FOR THE BEST
PIANO FORTES.
Sole Manufacturers of Grand and Square Patent Monitor Plate Piano Fortes, with
DOUBLE IRON FRAME.
A COMPLETE PROTECTION AGAINST WET, COLD OR HOT CLIMATE.
(Patented February 20th, 1866.)
WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
Warerooms, 452 Broome St., New York.

The Patent Monitor Plate Pianos by their peculiar Construction are superior to all others, and their merit consists in the wrest plank being supported by the iron frame, allowing a larger space for the sounding board than is possessed by any other kind of Piano. By this means the quantity as well as the quality of the tone is largely increased.
These Pianos have been pronounced by the best judges to be unrivalled for
Power and Sweetness of Tone, Easy and Agreeable Touch and Beauty of Finish.
Most flattering certificates of excellence from Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strakosch, Vieuxtemps, and a large number of the most distinguished Professors and Amateurs. From long experience and superior facilities for Manufacturing, we are enabled to offer our Pianos at as low prices as are asked by inferior makers.
Send for Circular and Price List.

WALL PAPERS.
PAPER HANGINGS!
A IMMENSE STOCK OF
WALL PAPERS,
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES
FOR PARLORS, HALLS, ETC.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
HOWELL & BOURKE'S,
Corner of Fourth and Market Streets.
April 2, 1868.-3m. PHILADELPHIA.

THE FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : JUNE 4, 1868.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, May 11, 1868, trains on this road will run as follows:

LEAVE EBENSBURG—
At 7.45 A. M., connecting with Accomodation East and Phila. Express West.
At 7.15 P. M., connecting with Phila. Ex. East and Mail West.

LEAVE CRESSON—
At 9.00 A. M., or on departure of Phila. Express West.
At 8.55 P. M., or on departure of Phila. Express East.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—J. C. Easly, Esq., has furnished us with the following abstract of the proceedings of the Court of Quarter Sessions up till Tuesday evening:

After the Constables had made their returns on Monday, several cases of assault, assault and battery, etc., were called up and on motion continued till next Sessions. The following cases were then disposed of:

Com'th vs. John Smith. Indictment—Selling liquor on Sunday. Not a true bill, and prosecutor, Mich'l Driscoll, to pay costs.

Com'th vs. John Smith. Indictment—Assault and battery. Not a true bill, and prosecutor, Ellen Connor, to pay costs.

Com'th vs. Michael Driscoll. Indictment—Perjury. Not a true bill, and John Smith, the prosecutor, to pay the costs.

Com'th vs. Ellen Connor. Indictment—Barratry. Not a true bill, and John Smith, prosecutor, to pay costs.

Com'th vs. Joseph Shorthill. Indictment—Larceny of a horse. After a somewhat tedious trial, jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the prisoner was discharged.—Barnes and Kopelin for Commonwealth; Johnston and Pershing for defendant.

Com'th vs. Wm. Peck. Indictment—Assault and battery. Bill ignored, and prosecutor, Thos. Powers, to pay costs.

Com'th vs Thos. Powers. Indictment—Assault and battery. Same result as above, and Wm Peck, prosecutor, in for the costs.

Com'th vs. Patrick Sloan. Indictment—Assault and Battery; Patrick Kelly, of Johnstown, prosecutor. Found guilty and remanded to jail for sentence.

Com'th vs. Wm. Smay, Christan Smay, Francis Smay and James Kaylor. Indictment—Riotous assault and battery. On trial.

ON THE MUSCLE.—The dull monotony of our usually quiet town has not only been enlivened by the presence of a large number of attendants at our County Court, now in session, but the good order which generally prevails in this community has been broken in upon by several pugilistic encounters of a rather animated character, resulting in every instance in damaging the physiognomies of one or both the connotants, and leading in most cases to an interview with our worthy Burgess, who failed not to impose such penalties and put himself as the law directs and custom sanctions. Monday was particularly prolific of these muscular combats, and one young man from the north of the county entered into the spirit of the occasion, or rather the spirits which occasioned it entered into him, with such a zest and "don't care a dam-itiveness," that he came out minus a few greenbacks and plus a very badly damaged countenance and various other contusions on his body corporate. His first encounter ended in a knock down, in which he done the knocking and paid the penalty, and his second was brought to an abrupt conclusion by the entrance on the scene of the police, who nabbed both him and his adversary and marched them before the Burgess, and he in turn imposed a fine and turned them adrift. The third venture, however, settled the hash of the belligerent young gentleman, whose adversary on this occasion, as indeed he had been on the last previous one, came the Lynch law on him so effectually that he was knocked completely out of time, and has not put in an appearance since. This latter fight, to avoid further unpleasant consequences, was conducted outside the borough limits, where an open field and a fair show was afforded for the amusement (?), while one or two of the borough officers stood by with itching palms, but dare not interfere to arrest the belligerents. So they fought it out until the Northern Cambria gentleman threw up the sponge and acknowledged that his adversary had won the victory, and thus ended the star pugilistic engagement of the season so far as heard from; and this, we hope, will end the fighting for the present term of Court, at least.

CONSERVATIVE SOLDIERS' MEETING.—In compliance with call, a meeting of Conservative Soldiers was held at the Court House on Tuesday evening, 2d inst. Capt. H. D. Woodruff, Chairman of the Soldiers' County Committee, stated the object of the assemblage, after which C. L. J. P. Linton was called to the chair and Wm. H. Sechler chosen Secretary.

The proper organization having been effected, Capt. Woodruff moved that three conferees be appointed to meet like conferees from the other counties of this Congressional district.

The Chair appointed Capt. John Porter, Col. B. McDermitt and Capt. H. D. Woodruff said conferees.

On motion of Adjutant Rose it was

Resolved, That the remaining counties of the Congressional district be requested to select conferees to meet the conferees appointed by this meeting at Tyrone, on Wednesday the 17th inst., for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Conservative Soldiers' and Sailors National Convention, to be held in New York, on the 4th day of July next.

On motion, Capt. Woodruff was elected Chairman of the Conservative Soldiers' County Committee.

On motion adjourned.

J. P. LINTON, Pres't.

WM. H. SECHLER, Sec'y.

AN INTERESTING CEREMONY.—For the first time in the history of the Catholic church here, we believe, the feast of Corpus Christi, which has its occurrence on Thursday next, will be celebrated by a public procession in honor of the Blessed Sacrament. The procession will be formed in the church and move around the grounds pertaining thereto, and as the little girls who are to participate will be dressed in white and otherwise tastefully decorated, and the little boys neatly clothed and caparisoned, the ceremony cannot fail to prove a beautiful and pleasing spectacle. The ladies and gentlemen who have charge of the matter have sufficient taste and judgment to have it conducted in the best style, and we are sure that every person who witnesses the procession will be gratified and edified by the proceedings.

A BOLD ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY.—We learn from our esteemed friend, Samuel Craig, Esq., of Gallitzen, that, previous to his departure from home on Monday last, he was told of a daring attempt to rob one of the freight cars belonging to a train ascending the mountain just before daylight on the morning in question. All the information he obtained was that one of the brakemen, on casting his eyes back along the train, noticed a box of goods falling from one of the cars and disappearing over the embankment. The brakeman ran back over the train and halloed, when the thief or thieves jumped from the car and made good their escape. We presume the stolen goods were recovered.

Attention is invited to the advertisement of Mr. John Parke, marble manufacturer, who is at present in our town, prepared to accept and fill all orders for monuments, tombstones, and other work in his line. Mr. P. does his work well and skillfully, and charges moderate prices.

The Mountain House at Cresson will open for visitors on Wednesday next, 10th inst.

A little boy was struck by the mail train on the Penna. R. R., near Brinton's Station, on Monday last, and so seriously injured that his life is despaired of.

A grand Fair will be held at St. Nicholas, this county, on the 2d, 3d and 4th days of July next, the entertainment to conclude with a pic-nic on the latter day. The proceeds are to be appropriated to the new church recently erected there.

Those of our readers having Steam Boilers would do well to call at the Office of the American Anti-Incrustation Company, Philadelphia, and examine testimonials, &c., of the Anti-Incrustator. Read adv. setting forth its great merits, in this issue.

Wm. Gray, the unreconstructed nigger who committed the outrage upon a little girl at Derry station, some time since, and who was tried at the last term of court and sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, was taken to his future quarters in Allegheny city on Monday week.

John Kelly, a boy aged about 17 years, ran away from his home near Shippensburg, Pa., in March, 1867, and up to this time no traces of him can be found by his friends. Any information of his whereabouts will be thankfully received by Mrs. Mary Kelly, care of Valley Sentinel, Shippensburg, Pa.

On Saturday evening week, as Oliver Wilson, a workman at Baker's Ore Bank, near Blair Furnace, Blair county, was attempting to step from one ore car to another whilst running the cars from the bank to the rail road siding, he missed his footing and fell upon the track, and was almost instantly killed, several of the cars passing over his body. He leaves a wife and several children.

Hon. D. J. Morrell presented to Congress last week a large number of petitions from workingmen throughout this State, "praying for such increase of protective duties as will revive manufactures and restore prosperity to the country." On the list is one from Patrick Hogan and 1700 other workingmen in the iron mills and mines at Johnstown, and one from 522 operatives in furnaces and forges in Blair county.

Our next door neighbor, John D. Thomas, announces his intention of confining himself to the manufacture of boots and shoes, but on second thought has come to the conclusion that he cannot supply his lady customers without keeping an assortment of Eastern made work. Henceforth, therefore, he will keep for sale the various styles of ladies shoes manufactured by Mr. Geo F. Keott, Philadelphia, who is known everywhere as the manufacturer of the best and neatest boots and shoes made in the State.

As the school year of 1868 has closed, Directors should promptly settle their accounts for the year, and forward their Annual Reports and Certificates to the Co. Supt., preparatory to drawing the State appropriation. It is necessary that both these blanks be sent together, as one will not be entertained by the School Department without the other. Boards of Directors should also immediately re-organize, and the officers of the old Board should sign the Report, but the names of the new officers should be written in the blanks on the right hand page of the Report.

The Ladies' Fair, gotten up by the fair Ladies of the congregation in aid of the new Catholic church in this place, has thus far proved a most attractive and pleasing entertainment, and one which strangers and citizens seem alike disposed to encourage with commendable liberality. A fine display of beautiful articles on exhibition are offered for chances, and on quite a number of them the contest has already began to wax warm; and the Fair altogether promises to be a complete success. Ice cream, cakes, light drinks, and other luxuries are there to tempt the appetite, while music, dancing, singing and social intercourse make up the other attractive features of this most delightful entertainment. Let no one fail to visit it soon and often.

CAN'T GO AMISS.—There has been a large influx of visitors to our town during the present week, attending Court, and to-day (Thursday) being show day, doubtless many others will find their way hither. If we were in proximity to the ears of all these people we would whisper into them, "Don't fail before leaving town to visit the mammoth stove, hardware and tin ware establishment of George Huntley, where articles for the table, articles for the house, articles for the farm, and articles for different kind of mechanics, as well as for all classes of people, will be found in great abundance, and when found can be bought at as low prices as they can be anywhere else in the State." If you want anything from a six penny nail to a washing machine or a cooking stove, you can't go amiss by calling on Mr. Huntley, who is a clever gentleman and an energetic, liberal business man.

LOST AND FOUND.—A little three year old son of Mr. John Wherley, who removed with his family, on Monday last, from Huntingdon to a farm purchased by him near this place, strayed from his father's house, a short time after the arrival of the family, and during the greater portion of the day all efforts to discover his whereabouts proved unavailing. Towards evening however, after six or seven hours of painful suspense and almost despairing fear, the little wanderer was found in a clump of woods, not far from his home, by a party who had went in search of him. Save and except the loss of his hat, he was none the worse for his adventure.

LIVELY TIMES.—Ebensburg is not always the liveliest place in Christendom, but when Court is in session, a Fair in progress, a show on exhibition, and numberless pugilistic encounters participated in, all in one week, times may be considered as somewhat lively in this ancient village, where V. S. Barker keeps a large store, a large stock of splendid goods, and a large opening for any man, woman or child who wants to invest largely in dry goods or groceries, to buy and save a large per cent age on their purchases Visit and behold.

KNOCK DOWNS.—Since Court has convened there have been quite a number of knock downs indulged in on our streets, and as a consequence our borough treasury is in a healthier condition than usual. There has also been a tremendous knock down in the prices of goods at the cheap store of R. R. Davis, on High street, where all who wish to improve their wardrobes, or supply their household wants, can do so at a great saving of the ready cash.

IT CAN'T BE.—It can scarcely be possible that among the large number of persons now in our town there is not one to be found who wishes to buy some article of jewelry, a watch, clock, sewing machine, or something else handsome and useful, of which Cham Roberts has a large supply and a beautiful assortment at his establishment on High street. His store is worth visiting and his stock worth buying.

"ACROSS AND BELOW.—Across from the Mountain House and below the Post Office and Bank will be found one of the leading mercantile establishments of Ebensburg, and in that establishment will be found a most ample stock of hand-some and excellent goods, which our friend Thompson will be pleased to exhibit for the inspection and purchase of all comers. It is the right place to buy cheap.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY.—Our young Johnstown friend, Mr. Richard Jones, is at present visiting the northern portion of this county for the purpose of putting up the celebrated Munson Tubular Lightning Rod, with spiral flanges, which is the most prefect and satisfactory Rod ever brought before the public. Persons wishing to protect their property in this way will find Mr. Jones the proper man to employ, as he has the best Rod and will do his work right and at a moderate charge.

Go TO THE FAIR! go to the Fair!
Ye people here from everywhere;
But whether you go, or whether you stay,
We'll tell you what you'll find will pay,
And that is this, bear it in mind,
The place to buy goods of every kind,
And get your money's worth, and even more,
Is at H. A. Shoemaker & Co.'s store.

ACROSTIC.

Let the Cambria people read!
Every man should know the truth:
Oft the want of light, indeed,
Punishes both age and youth.
On the shelves of Mayer lie
Lovely goods of every hue;
Do you wish, dear friends, to buy?

Mayer is the man for you.
As you pass by Parke's Hall
You will see a gorgeous sight:
Every window, shelf and wall
Radiant with colors bright:

Prints and silks of every hue,
Alpacas, trimmings, skirts, and lace,
Ribbons, orange, pink and blue—
Kindling tints upon each face,
Such as beauty never knew.

Hail the day that Mayer came,
And made the dry goods prices fall,
Lo! all people bless his name;—
Let them rush to Parke's Hall.

DEDICATED TO THE
NEW YORK DRY GOODS STORE,
BY A LADY.

USE THE BEST.—*Blades' Euphonial Lubricators* are a medical preparation in the form of a Lozenge, and are universally considered the most pleasant, convenient and effectual remedy in use for Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Croups, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diptheria, and all Pulmonary Complaints. They are WARRANTED to give quicker and more lasting benefit in the above affections than any other remedy. Also to contain no deleterious ingredient, and not to offend the weakest and most sensitive Stomach.

Blades' Constitution Pills are so called because of their peculiar effect upon the Liver, Stomach, Blood and Nervous System. For inactivity of the Liver, for the Stomach in derangement, or Dyspepsia, they will delight the patient with their mild and beneficial effect, especially if after long continued indigestion and costiveness, they are left with periodical returns of the Sick Headache. In case of a severe cold, producing Chills and Fever, you can break it very soon by using the Pills as per directions with each box. JOHN H. BLADES & CO.,
aug8 1y Proprietors, Elmira, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists; 25 cts. per box.

HALL'S
VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR
RENEWER.

Is the best article known to preserve the hair
It will positively restore
GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR,
AND PROMOTE ITS GROWTH.
It is an entirely new scientific discovery, combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom.
IT MAKES THE HAIR SMOOTH AND GLOSSY,
AND DOES NOT STAIN THE SKIN!
IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY
THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.
☞For sale by all druggists Price $1.
R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

THE NON-EXPLOSIVE METROPOLITAN OIL is manufactured and sold by M. L. Oatman, at his store three doors east of Crawford's Hotel. All the recommendation this Oil needs is to use one lamp full of it, which you can get free of charge by sending your lamp to the manufactory. Any person feeling a desire to see the Metropolitan Oil tested in any way will please call at the above establishment, and the proprietor will with pleasure test it in any manner desired, and prove beyond doubt that *it is the Oil* which should be used in preference to any other Oil in the market. Township and borough rights for manufacturing this Oil can be bought from Mr. Oatman, who is the owner of the right for Cambria county.

CAUTION.—My wife, MARY DAVIS, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I hereby caution all persons against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts which she may contract during her absence from my house. DAVID DAVIS.
Blacklick Tp., June 4, 1868.-3t.* (West.)

Johnstown and Ebensburg
MARBLE WORKS!

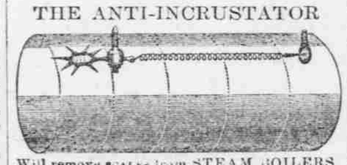
Having again taken charge of the branch Marble Works at Ebensburg, which he will operate in connection with his extensive establishment at Johnstown, the subscriber adopts this method of informing the citizens of Cambria county, that he keeps a constant supply of the best
ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE,
which he is prepared at stated times in Ebensburg and at all times in Johnstown, to manufacture to order, either as MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTLES, TABLE or BUREAU TOPS, in as workmanlike manner and at as low prices as like work can be put up in any of the cities. Having in my employ a full force of experienced and skillful workmen, I do not promise too much when I say that I can furnish any of the above articles on short notice, at the lowest prevailing prices, and in a style of finish which cannot be excelled by any other manufacturer in the State.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale cheap.

☞Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work put up wherever desired, or delivered at any point named
JOHN PARKE.
Johnstown, June 4, 1868.-tf.

AMERICAN
Anti-Incrustation Company's Office.
No. 147 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

THE ANTI-INCRUSTATOR



Will remove SCALES from STEAM BOILERS and keep them CLEAN, render the Boiler less liable to EXPLOSION, and CAUSING A GREAT SAVING OF FUEL.

These INSTRUMENTS have been in SUCCESSFUL use during the last TWO YEARS in many of the LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS of Philadelphia and other parts of the United States, from which the MOST FLATTERING TESTIMONIALS of their WONDERFUL SAVING OF FUEL AND LABOR have been received.

☞PARTIES having BOILERS would do well to call at the office and examine testimonials, etc JOHN FERREIRA, Pres't
EZRA LUKENS, Sec'y and Treas. [ju 4, 3m

PUBLIC SALE. LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!—The subscriber, having disposed of the Ebensburg Foundry, will offer at public sale, on TUESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, all the remaining stock, consisting of Machines, Ploughs, Points, Stoves, Grates, and a large variety of articles too tedious to enumerate. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M. and continue until all is sold.
May 30.-2t. EDWARD GLASS.

BRICK FOR SALE.—The subscriber has for sale a large lot of BRICK, hard burnt and of good quality, at his kiln, two miles east of Ebensburg, and is now prepared to fill all orders on short notice and reasonable terms.
my28 3t.* THOS. DEVEREAUX.

BACK TO FIRST PRINCIPLES
BOOTS AND SHOES
OF MY OWN MANUFACTURE.
WHAT I MAKE I CAN WARRANT!

After an experience of more than a year in the sale of Eastern made work, during which time I have expended more than the profits in repairing rips and tares, I have determined to come back to first principles and henceforth confine myself to the manufacture of BOOTS and SHOES for Men, Youths, Ladies and Misses, and am now better prepared than ever to give entire satisfaction in my business.

I have at present in my employ a competent corps of workmen, and can say without fear of contradiction that I can turn out as neat and substantial Boots and Shoes at as MODERATE PRICES as can be made anywhere in the State. I am having Boots made of the finest French Calfskin, and within the past month or two have had orders pouring in upon me from all quarters for this kind of work. The material in these Boots is the best to be found in the market, and the workmanship, both in neatness and strength, cannot be excelled at any other establishment in the country.

MY TRAIN ALWAYS ON TIME!

All work will be ready for delivery at the time promised. Weddings, visits and other interesting or important occurrences need not be postponed through any failure on my part to come to time.

Good work and moderate prices is my motto, and one trial will convince any person that the motto is well chosen

☞Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

JOHN D. THOMAS.
Ebensburg, May 28, 1868.-tf.

CAUTION.—Notice is hereby given that I am the *sole owner* of the RIGHT to manufacture and sell "BENTLEY'S NON-EXPLOSIVE METROPOLITAN OIL" in Cambria county, for which I have an assignment of Letters Patent, and that any person or persons manufacturing or selling it, or any imitation of it, *by whatever name it may be known*, without first obtaining authority from me, will be proceeded against by due course of law, and subjected to such penalties and fines as are imposed by law.

The following named persons have purchased rights from me, and are authorized to manufacture and sell the Metropolitan Oil: Christian Reich, for Summitville borough and Washington township; John Buck, for Carrolltown borough and Carroll, Chest and Susquehanna townships. Any other parties making or selling the Oil, or any imitation thereof, without producing written authority from me, are infringing upon my right, and they and those purchasing from them will be dealt with according to law.

M. L. OATMAN.
Ebensburg, May 21, 1868.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following persons have filed petitions for Tavern and Eating House Licenses with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, to be presented to the Judges of said Court on the second Monday of June next:

TAVERN LICENSE.

Conemaugh Borough—Thomas Gorman, 1st ward, Joseph Alwine, 2d ward. Conemaugh Township—Levi Jacoby. Cambria Borough—John Kurtz, Jos. Soley. Chest Springs Borough—Samuel F. George. Gallitzin Township—S. A. Criste, Mathew Digmann. Johnstown Borough—James B. M'Creight, Rich'd Jelly, Wm. H. Richards, 2d ward, D. W. Goughnour, 3d ward. Richland Township—Geo. Conrad, Peter Heim. Allegheny Twp.—F. A. Gibbons. Cambria Bor.—Wm. Gallagher.

EATING HOUSE LICENSE.

Chest Township—Jacob Glosser. Washington Township—Jerem'h M'Gonigle, Wm. D. Jones, Lazarus A. Rigel.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk.
Ebensburg, May 21, 1868.-3t.

L. L. LANGSTROTH'S
PATENT
MOVABLE COMB BEE HIVE!

Pronounced the best ever yet introduced in this County or State. Any person buying a family right can have them transferred from an old box into a new one. Several persons have had their bees transferred, and they have proven satisfactory.

☞Messrs. Jos. W. Seese and D. P. Eversole say that they took of one Hive, in June, 1865, 48 pounds of honey, and in 1866, 62½ lbs. and a swarm, and the bees had plenty to do them through the winter; in 1867, 80 lbs. of surplus honey was taken out.—Out of nine hives J. D. Kagarice took 365 lbs. of box honey in 1866.

Persons wishing to purchase family rights can do so by calling on or addressing
PETER CAMPBELL,
April 23, 1868.-tf. Carrolltown, Pa.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
LEAD PIPE,
SHEET & BAR LEAD MANUFACTURERS
ALSO,
Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose,
Steam Gauges, Whistles and Valves,
Iron and Copper Sinks and Bath Tubs,
Steam Pumps, Farm Pumps and Force Pumps,
And every description of goods for
WATER, GAS & STEAM.
No. 167 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞Send for a Price List. [apr.23.-1y.

ASSIGNEE APPOINTED.—In the matter of WM. R. HUGHES, Bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of WM. R. HUGHES, of Wilmore, in the county of Cambria, in the said District who was to wit: On the 2d day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Johnstown this 30th day of April, A. D. 1868.
MARTIN L. LONGENECKER,
my28.-3t. Assignee.

ASSIGNEE APPOINTED.—In the matter of GEORGE W. KIBBEY, Bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of GEORGE W. KIBBEY, of Wilmore, in the county of Cambria, in the said District, who was, to wit: On the 6th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Johnstown, this 20th day of April, A. D. 1868.
FRANK W BROWN,
my28-3t. Assignee.

ESTATE OF JOHN E McDERMITT, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of John E. McDermitt, late of Chest township, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES E. NEASON, Adm'r.
Clearfield Tp., May 21, 1868.-6t.

GOOD, BETTER, BEST.—The best and cheapest Tobacco and Cigars in town are at M. L. Oatman. Go and see.

THE UNIVERSAL
CLOTHES WRINGER,

Cannot be surpassed or equaled by any other Wringer for durability. Till the expiration of the patent for the "COG WHEEL REGULATOR," or "STOP-GEAR," *no other Wringer is licensed under this Patent.* It being universally conceded that Cogs are necessary to prevent the Rolls from being broken or torn loose, many attempts have been made to get a Cog-Wheel arrangement which shall equal the UNIVERSAL, and yet avoid the "Stop-Gear," but *without success.* For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, May 7, 1868. 1y.*

THE MAMMOTH
CIRCUS & MENAGERIE
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.
IN EBENSBURG FOR ONE DAY ONLY
ON THURSDAY NEXT, JUNE 4th.

The Great American Exposition
FOR 1868.
CIRCUS & TRAINED ANIMALS

HEMMINGS, COOPER & WHITBY, - - - PROPRIETORS.
Business Manager, - - - - - - - James E. Cooper
Equestrian Manager, - - - - - - - H. Whitby
Director of the Circle, - - - - - R. Hemmings
Treasurer, - - - - - - - - George H. Russell
Advertising Agent, - - - - - - Fred'k. Craddock
Leader of Cornet Band, - - - - - - M. Kaufman

Grand Tour of the Republic!

It is impossible through the means of an ordinary advertisement to give an idea either of the magnitude or magnificence of the Great Exposition of 1868. Other papers have been partially devoted to that purpose, and explanatory sheets on a variety of the most interesting subjects, have been sent in advance.

The company has been two entire years in perfecting its organization—Circus and Trained Animals.

Although the names of many of the principal artists connected with the institution will be found below, the limited space of a newspaper column can give no adequate idea of their merit or the great diversity of amusements embraced in the Grand Exposition. Many are so well established in reputation on this continent as not to need special attention. Others, again, present more novelty.

The only means of giving the public a full idea of the exhibition, is to invite attention to the Grand Procession on the great *fete* day. The procession is intended to display the unparaleled

Circus & Trained Animal Stock

No enclosure could do justice to this exposition.

It must be seen in action—on parade. For most and standing out in bold relief to all that has ever yet been presented in the form of processions, is the interesting display of animated Nature, combined with consumate art in the

TRIUMPHAL PROCESSION!

of the Great American Exposition, in town on the day advertised. The superb cortege will proceed through the principal streets in the order laid down in the grand programme. The entire stock of the Circus, including the valuable animals belonging to the menage, the Wild Beasts, with their keepers, the living tableau pics uting a group of ladies and the performing Horse, the little Elephant "Titania," the troupes of ponies with juvenile riders; Shetlands with monkey riders, and the smallest mule ever seen upon the road; the baby elephant and State Carriage. A more full and interesting detail of this novel and brilliant outside display will be found in the large paragraph bills and the small handbills. The performers will appear in the procession costumed in the most magnificent warbrobe. The ponies and their riders will ravish the admirance to the hurdle sports, while the ladies and gentlemen belonging to the troupe will appear as the Knights, Ladies and their cavaliers on their route to the Tournament. The entire getting up is strictly historical, and the pageant will be the most imposing ever beheld on the road.

A short synopsis of the performances to be given in the circle is all that our limited space will enable us to give at present. The *fete* opens with the

Grand Tournament Entree

Mr. R. HEMMINGS, first summersault rider, tight-rope performer, hurdle bare back rider, &c

Mr. CHAS. KING, 4-horse rider, slack rope performer, &c.

Hunting Scene and RACE FOR THE CUP, by TOM THUMB and SUSIE WHITBY.

The Troupe of Clowns, FOSTER, WHITTONY and KING. (full notice of these popular clowns will be given in future advertisements.)

SAM PATCH,
The leaping mule; bounds over a troupe of Hybrids.

Performance by the Dwarf Mules, from South America.
SUSIE WHITBY
performs the Fairy Elephant.
The half-educated Mules, "Boz" and and "Bunsby," will give specimens of their science.
Steeple Chase on Shetlands.
In full costume; ridden by Monkeys.
Performance by the
LION QUEEN!
MADAME DU NORD,

In the formidable den of the Lions.
Mrs. R. HEMMINGS,
first lady of the manage, introducing her superb horse, exhibiting to ladies a perfect model school of saddle practice.
Also her magnificent equestrian scene and feats.
GYMNASTIC EXPLOITS—Modern School. MILLER, THEODORE AND WHITTONEY.
Miss EMMA FOSTER, Equestrienne,
AMY FOSTER, Infantile Danseuse,
Miss SUSIE WHITBY,
Leading Juvenile Equestrienne.
HARRY WHITBY,
Distinguished American Horse Trainer
JAMES HEMMINGS
In Feats of Jugglery on Horseback.

Performance Afternoon and Evening.

Admission, - - - - - 50 Cents
Children under nine years, 25 Cents
DON'T FORGET THE DAY AND DATE:
At Ebensburg, - Thursday, June 4th.
At Hollidaysbury, Wed'sday, June 3d.
At Johnstown, - - Friday, June 5th.
F. L. COULDOCK, Business Agent.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

WM. T. HOPKINS' "OWN MAKE"
OF
"KEYSTONE SKIRTS"
are the best and CHEAPEST Low Priced Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 80 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs, $1.25. *Warranted in every respect.*

Our OWN Make" or "UNION SKIRTS," Eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.20 to $2.50. Plain, Six Tapes, 20 to 50 springs, from 95 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our OWN Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metalic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.* They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining States at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkins' Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

Manufactory and Salesroom, 628 Arch Street,
Between 6th and 7th Sts., Philad'a.
April 2, 1868.-4m. WM. T. HOPKINS.

☞H. A. Shoemaker & Co. are the only dealers in Ebensburg who keep these celebrated Skirts for sale.

THE ALTOONA WARE HOUSE CO.,
WHOLESALE
Dealers and Commission Merchants
Corner Virginia St. and Plank Road,

Will keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of FLOUR, FEED, SALT, FISH, GRAIN, COAL, LIME, SAND, &c., **at wholesale,** in Altoona City, and the adjoining counties can be supplied with the leading articles generally used by them at city and mill prices.

All kinds of country produce received and paid for in cash, or sold on commission.—Prompt returns will be made.

Storage furnished for all articles, such as floor lumber, shooks, shingles, etc.

Articles will be delivered to purchasers or sent to freight warehouse.

Having the only house where goods by the car load can be removed at the door, thus saving drayage, our customers will receive the benefit of it.

Price currents will be sent weekly to persons desiring them.
THE ALTOONA WAREHOUSE CO.
Altoona, April 30, 1868.-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale his valuable FARM, situated in Cambria township, two miles east of Ebensburg, on the road leading to Loretto. The Farm consists of 50 Acres, more or less, about 54 Acres of which are cleared, under good fence, and in a good state of cultivation. The balance of the land is well set with sugar, chestnut, locust and other marketable timber. There is a comfortable FRAME HOUSE and a FRAME BARN on the premises, and an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees that have never yet failed to bear. There is also a never-failing spring of pure water and other necessary conveniences on the premises. The Farm will be sold on fair terms and easy payments, and an indisputable title will be given. What is known as Bradley's Station, on the E. & C. Rail Road, is located on this land.

Further information can be obtained by applying to CHARLES BRADLEY.

RICHARD ROWAN,
ALTOONA, PA.,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Is prepared to make contracts for the painting of Churches, Dwellings and other Buildings in Cambria and surrounding counties, and for the execution of all other work in his line. Painting done at prices more moderate and in a style far superior to most of the work executed in this section. Satisfaction guaranteed. 6m.*-tf.

LAST NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to make settlement of their accounts, either by paying the cash or giving their notes, on or before the first day of June next.
J. J. KRISE, M. D.
St. Augustine, March 12, 1868.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!
A WASHING MACHINE
WORTH HAVING!

DOTY'S
Clothes
WASHER
The best
ever invented
The longer
THEY ARE
Used the
better
THEY ARE
LIKED.

They are coming into general use throughout the country.

Many who sell the UNIVERSAL WRINGER keep also the DOTY WASHING MACHINE, which, although but recently introduced, is as great a *Labor* and *Clothes Saver* as the Wringer, and is destined to win public favor and patronage everywhere.

It washes *perfectly* without *wearing* or *rubbing* the clothes at all.

☞Prices—Family Washer, $14. No. 1½ Wringer, $10.

These Machines are adopted by the *American Agriculturist* as Premiums, and endorsed by its Editors as the best in market.

HOME TESTIMONY.

Read the following testimonials from persons in Ebensburg who have used and learned to appreciate these valuable Machines:

Mr. G. Huntley—We have used one of Doty's Washing Machines, which we purchased from you several weeks since, and it gives entire satisfaction. We cheerfully recommend it to all housekeepers, and are free to say that we would not dispense with it for any consideration. It is a great saver of time, labor and clothes.
LINTON & SON, Mountain House.

I purchased one of Doty's Washers from Mr. G. Huntley and am delighted with it, and would recommend every housekeeper to get one. MRS. A. M. PIPER.

Mr. G. Huntley—The Doty Washing Machine I purchased from you proves to be an article of real merit—the best I have ever seen. Considering the great relief it affords in the labor of washing and the saving of time, no family should be without it.
WM. M. JONES.

Mr Geo. Huntley—I am delighted with the Doty Washer purchased from you.—The more I use it the better I like it. I would not be without it. It is a great saver of time and labor, and does not wear the clothes as much as the old tub and washboard. MRS. A. BLAINE.

For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY,
May 7, 1868. 6m.* Ebensburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
TO CASH BUYERS!
AT THE EBENSBURG
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Old Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Backs, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin,

Things Worth Knowing.

CURE FOR BALDNESS.—Frederick Kemp writes from the silver mines of Montana to the *Herald of Health*, giving the following hint in reference to a cure for baldness: "A friend of mine who had the misfortune to be bald-headed, knowing that there is a wonderful invigorating power in the sun's rays, last spring threw away his hat and worked in the gulch, all spring, summer and fall, bareheaded, and also for the first few days at mid-day. For a few days the rays of the hot sun on his head were almost unendurable; after that time he experienced no uneasiness whatever. The result was that in the fall he had a good head of hair. And in this experiment he was not alone—several of his acquaintances who were bald-headed having followed the same plan. They were all fortunate enough to experience the same result."

The editor adds that a similar case once came under his own observation, and professes to have no doubt that "the exposure of the skin to air and sunshine, under proper circumstances, stimulates it to a healthy action, and with it those glands upon which the growth of the hair depends."—*Lexington (Ky.) Observer.*

WATER-PROOF PATENT HARNESS BLACKING.—Mr. George Dobson furnishes us the recipe for this well known blacking. It will keep the leather soft, and, properly applied, gives a good polish. It is excellent for buggy tops, harness, etc. Old harness, if hard, may be washed in warm water, and when nearly dry, grease it with neatsfoot oil. The ingredients are three ounces of turpentine, two ounces of white wax, to be dissolved together over a slow fire; then add one ounce of ivory black and one drachm of indigo, to be well pulverized and mixed together. When the wax and turpentine are dissolved add the ivory black and indigo, and stir till cold. Apply very thin; brush afterward, and it will give a beautiful polish.—*Western Christian Advocate.*

TO DESTROY RATS.—A curious method of killing rats is recommended in a German journal as very efficient. A piece of new or unused sponge is cut into small pieces, which are smeared with butter and placed within reach of the rats, next to a dish of water. The rats eat the sponge, and, becoming thirsty, drink the water, which swells the sponge, and in a short time kills the animals, which are found lying dead all around.

AN old gentleman in Michigan says, if you plant a few poppy seeds in each hill, and let one stock grow till bug time is over, you will not be troubled with bugs on vines. He found this out by accident, and has followed it for seven years, and the bugs do not trouble his vines. It would be well to plant the poppies so that they will be up or nearly so before you plant your cucumber and other vine seed.

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FOR SPRAINS.—Put the white of an egg into a saucer; keep stirring it with a piece of alum about the size of a walnut until it becomes a thick jelly; apply a portion of it on a piece of lint or tow large enough to cover the sprain, changing it for a fresh one as often as it feels warm or dry. The limb is to be kept in a horizontal position by placing it on a chair.

THE *Farmers' Cabinet* says a piece of lard as large as a walnut, mixed with dough, will cause a hen to commence laying immediatly after she has been broken up from setting; and by giving hens fat in this way, they may be kept laying all winter.

A Strange Dream and Wedding.

One of the happiest men that ever journeyed a hundred miles from Michigan, took the Toledo Express a few days ago, at Fremont, bound for Toledo and his home in Michigan. He told a strange story, of which the following is the substance:

Some weeks since, while at home in Michigan, he retired to rest after a hard day's work, and falling asleep dreamed a dream. He appeared to have taken a long journey from "home," where he had been located for ten years, and had scarcely lost sight of, and where he had lived "a happy old bach," and never thought of matrimony.

In that dream a vision appeared unto him. He arrived at a place in Ohio, which was called Fremont. It appeared that soon after his arrival in that place he formed the acquaintance of a young lady, and that, after a short but happy courtship, he married her and returned to his home in Michigan, where he became wealthy, lived happily, and raised a numerous family of children, and in time trotted his grandchildren upon his knee. He then awoke; it was broad daylight, and his mother was at his door calling him down to breakfast.

At the breakfast table he related his dream to the old lady, and she was deeply impressed with it. He told her it was his intention to at once seek out the beautiful creature of whom he had dreamed, and the old lady, believing there was a special providence in it, and being also a firm believer in dreams, advised him, by all means to go and find her if he could, and if he couldn't find her to bring back an Ohio girl any way, "for you know," said she, "the Ohio girls are right smart." So John packed up his little wardrobe and took the first train out for Ohio, and lost no time in reaching Fremont.

When he arrived at that place he was surprised to discover that the sign at the depot, containing the name of the place, was an exact duplicate of the one he had seen in his dream, and that the depot buildings and general appearance of the city corresponded exactly with his vision. He put up at the Kepler House and began his search. For two or three days he was unsuccessful, but finally, just before he was on the point of returning home, he came face to face with a maiden at the post-office. "'Tis she," said he, all to himself, and then he walked up manfully and told her his story; his dream, and of his place in Michigan, and finally asked her to share his last with him.

She said something about its being sudden; she would rather wait a few days before giving an answer; but he was determined to have it there and then, and she finally said she was all his own. He accompanied her to her home, and that evening he told her fond parents all about it. And they pronounced it good. The day following they were married, and at once commenced their journey Michiganward.

The man was a fine looking fellow, and as happy that he could scarcely contain himself. He protested roundly that it was the woman he saw in his dream that he had met and married, and that all, from first to last, had been exactly as he pictured in his dream. The lady was a pleasing and comely looking lady, a few years younger than the man, and seemed to be brim full of fun and to enjoy the novelty of the thing fully as much as her husband. Take them, all in all, they were well matched and were doubtless made for each other. He said only one thing was lacking to make his happiness complete, and that was the fulfilment of the latter part of the dream.—*Cleveland Leader.*

EVE was the only woman who never threatened to go and live with her mamma, and Adam was the only man who never said he'd kick his wife about "the way mother used to cook."

A PARTING SALUTE.—A young gentleman of this city escorted his aunt to the depot of the Orange, Alexandria and Manassas Railroad recently, and after seating her properly and handing her the checks for her baggage, left her to talk with some one in the office. While thus engaged a beautiful young lady, wearing a veil precisely like that worn by his aunt, entered the car, took a seat immediately behind the one occupied by that lady. When the whistle blew for the train to start, the young gentleman alluded to re-entered the car from the rear platform, and mistaking the young lady for his aunt, hastily seized her hand, and telling her good-bye, imprinted an affectionate kiss upon her cheek. The surprise of the young lady thus saluted may be imagined. It was manifested by such a start and a jump, that the gentleman was at once made aware of the error he had committed, but the starting train only gave him time to apologize. He says now, however, he is not sorry the mistake occurred.—[Alexandria Gazette.

DURING the war, Charles Davidson, a negro, committed rape on a nice young lady of Maury county, and was sent to the Penitentiary for twenty-one years, for a crime that really deserved hanging. The other day he was seen by a friend of ours, a very reliable gentleman, who knew him well, turned scot free by Brownlow. There were no extenuating or palliating circumstances in his case, the testimony and the sentiment of the entire community condemned him and demanded his punishment, and after putting off his trial upon one pretext and then another, he was tried and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty-one years. No stronger evidence of his guilt could exist than the fact that he was kept in prison during a large part of the war, surrounded alternately by Confederates and Federals, and yet no one was so low as to turn him out. It was reserved for Brownlow to turn loose upon innocent people fiend in human shape, convicted of the blackest of all crimes.—*Columbia (Tenn.) Herald.*

THE Lancaster (Pa.) *Intelligencer*, published at the home of Thad. Stevens, thus alludes to a phase of his character, which will be exceedingly gratifying to the pious preachers of the gospel who have been his special enemies and antagonists. It says:

"During all his life, Thaddeus Stevens has openly scoffed at the Christian religion. A few years since, while trying a case in a town in another part of this State, he and some other lawyers were conversing one evening, when one of the party adduced the Bible as authority for some statement he had made.

"Oh," said Mr. Stevens, "the Bible is no authority. It is nothing but the obsolete history of a barbarous people."

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* JOHN LLOYD, *Cashier.*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA.

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Authorized Capital, - - - - - $300,000
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$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent.; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.
Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers, EBENSBURG, PA.

Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.
January 31, 1867.

W. H. LLOYD & CO., BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an31.

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THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.
Jan. 31, 1868. (1y.)

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R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

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J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors,
Fourth St., between Market and Arch,
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

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☞Business attended to in Ebensburg by Wm. J. Williams. [my16-1y]

PETER SIDES,
WITH
HICKMAN, HOLL & CO.,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO DEALERS,
N. E. Cor. Third & Market Sts.,
Jan. 22, 1867. PHILADELPHIA.

GRAFF, WATKIN & CO.,
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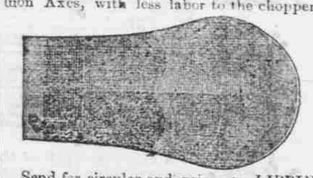

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100	"	"	5,000
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We publish no names without permission.

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Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-1y.$9

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October 17, 1867.-6m.

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Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON. J. E. SCANLAN.
JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Office opposite the Court House.
Ebensburg, Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.
Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

W. H. SECHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.* Office in the Commissioners' Room, Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

JOHN FENLON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, upstairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE M. READE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

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CASH CAPITAL, $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

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Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this,

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By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞*Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents.
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☞Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

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Johnstown, Pa.,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS
AND BOOK BINDERS.
MANUFACTURERS OF BLANK BOOKS, PORTE-MONAIS, PAPER BOXES AND LOOKING GLASSES.

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Johnstown, Oct. 24, 1867.-tf.

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ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,
such as common Windsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,
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CABINET FURNITURE
of every description and of latest *STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE*
Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

EBENSBURG DRUG AND BOOK STORE!
LEMMON & MURRAY,
DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, Fancy Soaps, Leon's and Hall's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, (all kinds,) Davis' Pain Killer, Radways Ready Relief, Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Citrate Magnesia, Flavoring Extracts and Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, PURE SPICES, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,
Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds, Cap, Post and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞Medicine for the body and food for the mind. Call and see.
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG.
July 25, 1867.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.
We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
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Holland,	Norway and	France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Germany,	France,	California,
New South Wales or		Australia.

KERR & CO.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!
JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable
Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. 85

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.
I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,
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Spear's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,
And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to
Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,
all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!
It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.
FRANCIS W. HAY.
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.-6m.

WHOLESALE
DRUG STORE!
D. W. HARSHBERGER & CO.,
MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE SCOTT HOUSE,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
Keep constantly for sale the largest and best assortment of pure
DRUGS & MEDICINES
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Alcohol, Turpentine,
Pure Wines and Liquors, best brands,
4000 Lbs. White Lead,
DYES DYE-STUFFS GLASS, PUTTY
And in fact everything kept in a first-class Drug Store, all of which will be
SOLD AT CITY PRICES,
MISHLER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, by the dozen or by the gallon.